

The Daily Courant.

Wednesday, October 2 1706.

London, October 2.

Yesterday, about 2 in the Afternoon, arriv'd the Mail from Holland of last Friday was Seven-night. The most material Advices contain'd in the Dutch Prints that came by it, are as follows.

From the Amsterdam Gazettes.

Milan, Sept. 18

THE Victorious Army of the Allies has not delay'd to make Advantage of the Defeat of the Enemy their 7th Instant before Turin; for we have Advice, that the Imperialists coming before Casal, that Place surrendered to them the 16th at Night. 'Tis advis'd also that Novar has follow'd its Example, and that if Mortara and Valence have not actually submitted, they will soon. 'Tis further advis'd, that the Imperialists have pass'd the Ticino towards Pavia, in Order to attack that Place, which is in no Condition to make a long Defence. The Prince of Vaudemont and his Princes, took Coach this Morning, with General Colmenero and the Secretary at War, and are gone out of this City 'tis not known whither. Soon after, the C. of Medavi arriv'd here Post, but being disturb'd not to find the Prince of Vaudemont here, is gone on; either in quest of that Prince, or to return to his Troops encamp'd at Abiagrasso, in Number 600 Men. A great deal of Household Furniture and other Effects belonging to the Prince of Vaudemont, being pack'd up, 'tis believ'd he will not soon return hither.

From the Duke of Orleans's Head Quarter at Oulx, Sept. 20. Our Horse is in lower Dauphine; part of our Foot in upper Dauphine and part in Savoy. The 18th we receiv'd Advice from Prince Vaudemont, That he would put the few Troops under the Count de Medavi into the strongest Places of the Milanese, but that he gave the rest for lost. Our surest Intelligence is, That the Duke of Savoy has besieg'd Chivas, and that Prince Eugene is march'd down the Left of the Po towards the Milanese, to reap the Fruit of his Victory. He has left a Detachment to besiege Ivrea, and will himself attack Pavia. 'Tis assur'd that several Places of the Milanese have already surrendered to him.

Letters from Paris say the Duke of Orleans has detach'd from his Army 22 Battalions and 43 Squadrons, to the Milanese; but this News requires Confirmation, because the Letters of the 22^d of September from the Frontiers of Savoy, say that Duke's whole Army, after having been 3 Days without Bread, had been oblig'd to retire from Pignerol, and was canton'd between Fenestrelles, Briancon, and Suza, Oulx being in their Centre, and that they are in no Condition to take the Field for some Time.

Paris, September 27. Several Cabinet-Councils have been held of late, and in Conclusion it has been resolv'd to Order 1000 Mules to be bought up with all Expedition in Provence Languedoc, and Dauphine; which Mules are to be sent loaded with Money, Provisions, and Ammunition, as soon as possible to the Duke of Orleans: 8000 Tents are also Order'd to be made for his Troops; but they will not be able to move out of their Quarters of Refreshment till the end of October.

Frankfort, September 20. 'Tis advis'd from Italy, that the Hessian Troops having again pass'd the Adige, are march'd to joyn the Imperialists that Block up Modena and Mirandola, and then to pursue the Count de Medavi.

Hanover, Sept. 28. An Express from M. Oberg, our Elector's Envoy with the King of Sweden, has brought Advice that a Suspension of Arms for 10 Weeks is agreed in Saxony.

London.

Last Night arriv'd the Dutch Mails of Tuesday and Friday last: The Letters were deliver'd out between 9 and 10 a Clock.

From the Paris Gazette, dated October 2.

Milan, Sept. 17. The 15th at Night the Count de Medavi, arriv'd here, to consider about Means for covering the Country from the Enterprizes of the Imperialists. It was resolv'd that the Prince of Vaudemont should continue to furnish the Places of Strength bordering on Piemont with Ammunition and Provisions: That he should draw together the Troops of the Milanese, and raise the Militia to guard the Passages; and that the Count de Medavi should send thither part of the Troops he commands, and march thither with a greater Number if Need should be. In the mean Time 'tis computed that there are in the Milanese and the Manuan 25000 Men of regular Troops, besides 8 or 10000 Sick or Wounded of the 2 Armies of Lombardy and Piemont, which are lodg'd in Casal, Alexandria, Valence and Pavia. The Train of the Provisions of the Army of Piemont, and 1500 Horse that were at Chivas, are arriv'd in the Milanese, and those Horse are posted on the Bank of the Ticino. 'Tis reported the Duke of Savoy is advanc'd towards Vercelli with 7 or 8000 Men, and that some of his Parties are come even to the Ticino. Prince Eugene's Army, in which are abundance of Sick Men, and which is extremely fatigu'd, is put into Quarters of Refreshment between Turin and the Montferrat: And the Duke of Orleans's Army is likewise canton'd part on the hither side and part on the further side of the Alps. Letters from Verona say the Imperialists lost near 7000 Men in the Battle at Castiglione; that the Peasants kill'd a great Number besides in their Flight; and that the Prince of Hesse has been able to muster up but 2000 Men out of the shatter'd Remains of his Army.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated October 7.

Turin, Sept. 14. After the Defeat of the French the 7th Instant, our Duke and Prince Eugene accompanied by several German General Officers enter'd this City in the Evening triumphantly, the People making great Acclamations of Joy, and went immediately to the Cathedral, where Te Deum was sung. Thence his Royal Highness went to his Palace, and dispatch'd the Count of Verua to Genoa. That Evening we saw a great Flame and heard a great Blast: It prov'd to be the Enemy's chief Magazine of Powder, which they themselves blew up. The following Night the Enemy that kept on the Hill of the Capuchins, were fallen upon by the Peasants, and a great Number of them were kill'd or taken: So by next Day we had 7000 Prisoners. The French Cash for the Army was found in the Castle of Pianezza, and consist'd of Two Millions and an half. The 8th died the Marshal de Marfin, who desir'd he might be buried in the Church of the Capuchins without this City. The 10th the Marquis di Cortanfie was sent to Genoa, to Conduct the Dutchess and her Court thither: The same Day Paul Diack, who deserv'd to us, was pardon'd. The 11th in the Night 60 Cannon were laden in Vessels here, to be sent down the Po, to be employ'd against Casal. 3000 Horses taken from the Enemy, were distributed among our Cavalry. Chivas is Besieg'd, and yesterday Prince Eugene rid thither. 200 Germans and some Peasants have taken Ivrea, and 300000 Crowns in Money were found in it. This Morning a Regiment of Horse and Foot march'd from hence towards Asti. 2000 Pioneers are employ'd in leveling the Works before this

this Place, and daily find Cannon in the Earth. To Day our Duke went to the Siege of Chivas, and most of our Army is on the march to Casal whence the Duke of Mantua is retir'd. When his Royal Highness left this City in the Time of the Siege, there were 11500 Regular Soldiers in it; whereof about 3000 are left; the rest having been kill'd or deserted. Bread and Flesh was cheap here during the Siege. Several fine Palaces, particularly those situate near the Citadel, are ruin'd. On Saturday next the Dutchess is expected back here from Genoa.

From the Camp at Oulx, Sept. 24. The Enemy have taken Chivas, and in it 2 Battallions Prisoners of War. 'Tis reported that Collonel Paul Dizck, when he deserted with 6 Officers and 30 Hussars to Prince Eugene, told his Highness he had quitted the Emperor's Service with Design to take an Opportunity to serve his Imperial Majesty the better, as he would demonstrate by putting Casal into the Duke of Savoy's Hands: Hereupon Paul Dizck being detach'd 4 or 5 Days ago with a Party of Horse and Dragoons, causing them to put white Ribbons into their Hats, was admitted into Casal. The Governor immediately retir'd into the Castle with the Battallion of Vivarais, leaving a great many sick and wounded Men in the Town.

From the Camp near Trave, Sept. 22. Chivas has surrendered after a Siege of 3 Days: 1300 Prisoners and 13 Cannon with Provisions for the whole Army, were taken in it. The 20th we besieg'd Novare, and about 10 in the Morning 2 Cannon Shot were fir'd, whereupon the Inhabitants forc'd the Governor to surrender; according to the Capitulation 300 Men march'd out with all their Arms, but most of them took on in our Service. To Day we came hither.

From the Camp near Cusano, Sept. 25. The 24th the Army broke up again, and march'd along the Canal towards Milan. To Day the Magistrates of that City, in their Formalities, came to present the Keys of their Town to Prince Eugene.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated October 8.

An Extract of a Letter of the 28th of September from the Frontiers of Savoy.

'Some Merchants of Turin, who are come hither through the Valley of Aosta, to buy Provisions for the Imperial Army, report, That his Royal Highness has above 12000 Prisoners: 1500 were taken in Chivas, in which was found great Store of Ammunition and Provisions: Some were likewise taken in Bard, Ivrea, Trino and Crescentino. The Duke of Savoy has sent 3 Regiments into the Valley of Aosta. Prince Eugene is now in Milan, as Passengers report: There are some Troops in the Citadel, but 'tis ill provided for Defence, and they will all be made Prisoners. The Prince and Princess of Vaudemont are retir'd with all their Equipage. The Italian Officers who come hither in great Numbers, say all, that this Action is not to be conceiv'd; and that what added to the Wonder was, that a noble Army which wanted nothing, should suffer themselves to be beaten in an Hour's Time in their Intrenchments, by an Army fatigu'd with long marches, and weaker by 15000 Men.

Lions, Sept. 26. A Courier from Lombardy who is gone through this Place reports, that the 20th General Medavi was with his Troops near Cremona, and design'd to decamp the following Day and march towards the Ticino, to joyn M. de Charcaumond who is thereabouts with 2000 Horse. Count Medavy, has left General Toralba with 3 or 4000 Men in the Mantuan. Another Courier is since gone through and reports that General Medavi is at Pievebione; and that the Prince of Vaudemont is there with him, having abandon'd Milan after he had sent away all the rich Furniture of the Palace: The said Prince left it to the Magistrates, to make the best Capitulation they could for the City, but put into the Citadel a certain Number of Men and great Store of Ammunition, with Order to defend it.

Inspruck, Sept. 28. To Day Prince Pio arrived here Express from Italy, with the welcome News that the City of Milan opened its Gates to the Allies the 25th, and that the Inhabitants gave all

Demonstrations of Joy on that Occasion: That there are 600 French and some Spaniards in the Citadel, under the Command of the Marquis de Florida, who forbears firing on the Imperialists; wherefore 'tis hop'd the Citadel will shortly yield, the rather because the Garrison are not sufficiently provided with Ammunition, &c.

From the Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Gramez, October 7. The 29th past the Duke of Marlborough went from hence to the Camp before Aeth, to see what Progress was made in the Siege. Our Men that Day made a Lodgement on one of the Angles of the Covered-way, and the Batteries were removed thither. We had that Night about One hundred Men kill'd and wounded, among the latter was Count Maurice Son to Monsieur d'Auverquerque. The 1st Instant our Battery on the Covered-way being finished, and our Works considerably advanced, the Besieged beat a Parley, and desired an honourable Capitulation; but Monsieur d'Auverquerque refusing to grant them any other Terms than that they should remain Prisoners of War, which they would not yield to, the Fire from our Batteries was renewed, and continued with great Vigour the whole Night; after which the Besieged beat a Parley the second time, and accepted of the Conditions that had been offered them; by which they are to remain Prisoners of War, only the Officers are allowed to march out with their Swords and Bagage. The Garrison accordingly marched out the 4th in the Afternoon, consisting of one Swiss and four French Battallions, making together 2100 Men, and they are to be conducted to Holland.

A large English Land-Spaniel Dog, Yellow and White, a great Head, and a pretty long Tail, he fetches and carries, was lost on Monday last in Bunhill-fields. Whoever brings him to Mr. William Bull's at the Sign of the Salmon in Leaden-hall-Market, shall have a Guinea Reward.

To Morrow the 3d of October 1706, will be expos'd to Sale at the Main Coffee-house in Birch Lane, at 4 of the Clock in the Afternoon, the following Wines, viz. 54 Pipes of Red Viana fit for Draft, at 10 l per Pipe, and 11 Pipes of new Red Lisbon at 16 l per Pipe. The Viana are to be sent in the Steel-yard under the Renish Wine House Thames-street, and the new Red Lisbon in great Eastcheap over against the Boars-head Tavern, from Tuesday the 1st Instant till the time of Sale. Sold by J. Styles Sworn Broker.

Radix Ipecacaanna the large bright sort at 3 s. 6 d. per Ounce, a Pound 53 s. Excellent Bohea-Tea at 14 s. a Pound. Jesuits-Bark. from 3 s. to 7 s. a Pound. And Druggs of all Sorts, with good Encouragement to the Buyer, Sold by Robert Fary, Druggist on London-Bridge.

The compleat Husbandman, being Cures for all Diseases, at 12 d. charge, in Horse, Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Sheep, Goat, Swine, Poultry and Singing Birds, to improve Land Arable and Pasture, by Planting, Draining, Flax, Hops, Saffron, Liquorish, to 50 l. an Acre, some new invented Plows of great use and ease, to improve Clover and St. Foin, of Garding, Grafting, to make Cyder at 4 d. a Quart as good as Canary, to Brew Pale Ale and Beer, &c. to destroy Moles, Foxes and other Vermin, to heal all Diseases with chew'd Bread, to order Bees and Silk-Worms, of Angling, Fowling, and divers other matters. Adorn'd with CUTS by G. Markham. Sold at the Ring in Little-Britain, Price 1 s. Where is sold the way to get Wealth. The 2d Edition. To which is added, Directions to preserve the Eyes.

Next Term will be publish'd,

The Ecclesiastical History of Socrates, Sozomen, Theodorit, faithfully Abridg'd from the Originals. By Samuel Parker, Gent. Part I. To which the Abridger has added, Necessary Notes and Illustrations in the Margin, a Preface giving an Account of his Authors, an Index of the Memorable Persons, &c. mention'd in the Abridgment, and a Letter to Mr. Bold, occasion'd by his late Discourse concerning the Resurrection of the same Body. To which is added a Letter to the Abridger. By Charles Lefly, M. A. Chancellor of the Cathedral of Connor in the Kingdom of Ireland. Printed for G. Sawbridge at the 3 Flower-de-Luces in Little-Britain. Price 5 s.

Recruiting Officer, 2d Edition. Constant Couple: Twin Rivals. Inconstant, or the way to win him. Sir Harry Wild Air, Comedies, by Mr. Farquhar. Humours of the Age. Yeoman of Kent. Oxford A.C. Hampstead Heath, Comedies. Perolla and Izadora Mourning Bride. Conquest of Grenada. Tyrannick Love. Valentinian, Tragedies. Squire Trelooby. Lying Lovers, by Mr. Steel. Loves Contrivance, or, Le Medicin-Mulgre Luy. Fair Example. Metamorphoses, Comedies. All printed for Bernard Lintott at the Cross-Keys next Nando's Coffee-house, Temple-Bar.

An Institution of Fluxions: Consisting the First Principles, the Operations, with some of the Uses and Applications of that admirable Method, according to the Scheme perfix'd to his Tract of Quadratures, by (its first Inventor) the Incomparable Sir Isaac Newton. By Humphry Ditton. Printed for J. Knapton at the Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard.

The Christians Defence against the Fears of Death, with Seasonable Directions how to prepare our selves to Die well. By the late Reverend Mr. Charles Drelincourt: The 4th Edition in 8vo. With an Account of an Apparition at Canterbury, which gave a great Character to the above said Book. Sold by Jonathan Robinson at the Golden Lion in St. Paul's Church-yard.